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GEOSTATISTICAL ANALYSIS OF THE CAUSES OF ENVIRONMENTAL NOISE IN SPAIN

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Abstract

The problem of noise levels in the home is of increasing interest for reasons of health and psychological well-being, among others. This study analyses in detail the meta-data compiled in the Spanish Census of Population and Housing, which provided data on a large number of environmental variables, including noise pollution in the home. A geostatistical study is conducted from the data provided by the latter survey, in which spatial autocorrelation is measured by analytical techniques by using R statistical software and the ESRI geographic information system. We study the empirical variogram, analyze different theoretical models (gaussian, exponential and spherical) and estimate the parameters from different perspectives: constant or linear trend, weighted least squares, maximum likelihood and restricted maximum likelihood. The noise level is estimated through the kriging interpolation technique, using the different parameters of each model.

Key words: environment, Kriging interpolation technique, noise, spatial statistical analysis, variogram

Received: May, 2014; Revised final: October, 2014; Accepted: October, 2014

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