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INFLUENCE OF MAGNETIC FIELD EFFECT ON COLLECTION OF PM_{2.5} IN HIGH-TEMPERATURE WIRE-PLATE ELECTROSTATIC PRECIPITATORS

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Abstract

Emission standards are becoming increasingly strict for large emitters such as coal-fired power plants, while high-temperature precipitators can effectively reduce polluting emissions. This work introduced a external magnetic field into the electrostatic precipitator (ESP) to enhance the collection efficiency of a high-temperature wire-plate ESP for PM_{2.5}. Then a multi-physics field theoretical model was established, including electromagnetic, temperature, fluid, and particle dynamic fields. Based on this model, numerical simulations were performed to evaluate the collection performance of PM_{2.5} with R-R size distribution. The results indicate that PM_{2.5} collection efficiency presents a nonlinearly decreasing trend with increasing temperature, while the external magnetic field can improve the collection efficiency of PM_{2.5}, and the promoted effect of magnetic field on collection efficiency is more significant in high temperatures. These findings mean that the external magnetic field in wire-plate ESP has important reference values for improving the collection performance of fine particles..

Key words: collection efficiency, high-temperature wire-plate ESP, magnetic field, PM_{2.5}, temperature field

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